WOOL GROWERS MEET

National Association Is Convened in Pertland.

SENATOR WARREN'S ADDRESS

Utah Men on Credentials and Resolutions Committees.

Constitution Is Brought Up for Adoption-But One Change of Importance in New Document.

Portland, Or., Jap. 11 .- The convention of the National Wool Growers' association was called to order in the Baker theater this morning at 10:30 o'clock. The theater was filled with sheep men from the Western States and with representatives of allied interests from various parts of the country. Among those in attendance were two of President Roosevelt's commisgioners to investigate the public land question, which will be one of the important matters presented for consideration by the wool growers.

United States Senator Warren of Wroming, president of the Wool Grow- ernment shall ers' association, presided at the opening session, and the business of the convention was inaugurated with the reading of his annual address. He said SENATOR WARREN'S ADDRESS.

The changes since less in the wool-growing industry have brought about new problems. Among them is the adaptation of the industry to the public land laws, with a view to fostering to the greatest the most important industries af-

fected.

In forest reservation matters there has been friction, and the patience of flockmanters has been serely tried. But there is a prospect of forestry matters being consolidated in the Department of Agriculture and for a satisfactory adjustment of many of the troubles which have here-tofore attended forestry administration.

GROWER AND MANUFACTURER. GROWER AND MANUFACTURER.
The interests of the wool-growers and manufacturers are in the main neutral. There is very little that the two can or should differ about, and a great deal upon which both should agree. In the matter of protection by means of tariff for both there should be no differences. In the legislation last made upon the subject, and in considering dangers by way of legislation or through treatles offered since, both associations have been a unit. In the matter of range differences there is nothing needed by the wool-growers that should be antagonized by the wool manufacturers.

APPARENT DIFFERENCE. One matter in which there is an apparent difference of opinion is in the prevention of alleged fraudulent sales of woolen goods. The wool manufacturers, while not taking open issue, are yet known to be fearful that the proposed shoodly bill might inflict hardships and perhaps impossibilities upon the manufacturers. perhaps impossibilities upon facturers without, as they think, reaching the desired remedy.

INDUSTRY PROSPEROUS.

sentiment to improve and build up and make permanently prosperous this great Industry.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

In the absence of Secretary Mortimer Levering the report of that official was read by Assistant Secretary Fred P. Johnson. The report dealt principally with the efforts to recognize the assoclation under the revised constitution. Attention was called to the fact that the amendment permitted organizations of sheep men to membership in the Wool Growers' association. The suggestion was made by the secretary that the change in the constitution be ratified.

ENCROACHMENT ON RANGES.

The crowded condition of public lands and the encroachment upon ranges by Government forest reserves, was referred to. The report stated that this condition had resulted in the past year in a large number of sieep growers being forced to go out of business. being forced to go out of businesss.

The secretary noted with pleasure that the Government is beginning to

that the Government is beginning to take note of the Western sheep and eattle ranges relative to their condi-tion, and proposes to take steps toward a change. A portion of the report dealt with the proposed change in method of handling wool so that the producers may be enabled to deal directly with the manufacturer.

DEFICIT IS SHOWN.

The report of expenses of the secretary's department showed a deficit of a little more than \$300 owing to delays in collecting dues. The adoption of a well-defined policy to be carried out by the secretary was urged as necessary the success of the organization. sary to ensure the success of the orga-pigation. WHAT TREASURER'S REPORT

SHOWED.

Treasurer A. J. Knollin was absent on account of Illness, and his report was read by Mr. Johnson. The receipts

was read by Mr. Johnson. The receipts and expenditures for 1903 showed a balance on the credit side.

Following this report the order of business was changed and the revised constitution was taken up for consideration. Action was deferred until after the report of the Committee on Credentials.

COMMITTEES APPOINTED.

On motion of Frank J. Hagenbarth of Utah the chair was authorized to appoint five men on a committee on

appoint five men on a committee on credentials and the same number on the committee on resolutions.

Credentials—Jessie M. Smith, Utah: R. K. Nichols, Washington: John Mc-Millan, Riaho; F. Kendt, Wyoming Resolutions—F. J. Hagenbarth, C. H. Callister, Utah; Tim Kinney, Wyoming: E. S. Gasney, Arizona; Jack Edwards, Oregon. wards, Oregon.

GREETINGS OF PRESIDENT. Just before adjournment for luncheon Senator Warren announced that President Roosevelt had sent his greetings and best wishes to the convention. The announcement was received with prolonged applause.

COMMITTEES REPORT. The afternoon session showed a larger stiendance than the morning. The real washess of the day was taken up when he Committee on Credentials reported

and the constitution was brought up for adoption. The only change of im-portance in the new document was in the membership clause admitting organizations of sheep raisers to member-ship in the Wool Growers' associa-tion. The Committee on Credentials reported, recommending that the official roster of membership be the roll call of the convention, and that the repreentatives of the association be allowed the full vote of their organizations. The report was adopted.

When the adoption of the constituas read was put to a vote, it was sustained unanimously.

RANGE SHEEP INDUSTRY.

The attention of the convention was then directed to the condition of the range sheep industry in the States of Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Washington and Utan, Representative sheep-raisers of these States gave brief reviews of the conditions in their respective States. These talks were devoted particularly the public land question. ensus of opinion was that the Government, in setting aside extensive for-est reserves for the purpose of aiding irrigation and bettering natural water supplies, was going to the extreme and cutting down the ranges to an un-warranted degree. The speakers as-serted that the interests of the sheepmen are suffering, and many are being forced out of business by the infringement on grazing lands. While they admitted the necessity of preserving the watersheds, they were of the opinion that this end could be complished and the interests of sheepmen be taken care of at the same

WHAT SHEEPMEN DESIRE. The action of the railroads in leasig out public land grants for use as range ground was pointed out, and it do likewise, with profit to itself and to the inestimable benefit of the sheep-men. In a few words, the expressed desire of the sheepmen is that the Gov-ernment shall adopt a broader and more liberal plan in relation to public The sheepmen want permission to use the reserves for grazing, subject to such regulations as the Gov-erement may see fit to adopt for the protection of the forest reserves. These views on the public land policy that should be adopted were given before the convention for the purpose of supplying Informatoin as to the desires of wool-growers, to Prof. Gifford Pinchott and F. H. Newell, President Roosevelt's commission appointed to con-suit with the stockmen on this matter. These representatives of the Gov-ernment were present.

HITCHCOCK DESCRIBED. It was suggested that the relief sought by the sheepmen would be attained could they secure the passage of the bill now pending in Congress transferring the executive control of public lands to the Department of Agriculture from the Department of the Interior. The argument was that the former department knows the nature of the lands and would work in harmony with the sheepmen. Secretary Hitchcock, of the Department of the Interior, was described as a man who would like to have a forest reserve with a Chinese wall around it and all the Western men inside. The conven-tion was urged to send a telegram to the Speaker of the House urging fa-vorable action upon the bill.

Resolutions expressing the desire of the convention for the passage of this bill were unanimously adopted and GOVERNMENT EXPLAINS.

Prof. Gifford Pinchott, chief of the Bureau of Forestry, was introduced to the convention and explained the policy of the Government relative to public We are reasonably certain that the present protective tariff legislation will not be disturbed, and therefore we apprehend no violent or sudden change in the industry. With comparative freedom from apprehension on this score, we have time and inclination to seek better methods of preparing wool for market, and more satisfactory methods of marketing—in fact, we enter the year 1901 in condition and with sentiment to improve and build be met by the Government's policy. The intention of the Government relative to public land, that it is proposed to follow if the executive control of forest reserves is placed in the hands of the Department of Agriculture. He stated that the desires of the sheep men, as they have been expressed during the convention, will be met by the Government's placed in the hands of the Department of Agriculture. He stated that the desires of the sheep men, as they have been expressed during the convention, will be met by the Government relative to public land, that it is proposed to follow if the executive control of forest reserves is placed in the hands of the Department of Agriculture. He stated that the desires of the sheep men, as they have been expressed during the convention. land, that it is proposed to follow if the executive control of forest reserves is placed in the hands of the Department of Agriculture. He stated that the de-sires of the sheep men, as they have This statement of Gen. Wilson shows been expressed during the convention, will be met by the Government's policy. The intention of the Government, he said, is to permit the stockmen to use the ranges under regulations to be determined upon, so that exclusive ranges may be afforded lawabiding sheep raisers for use so long as they observe the requisitions for the said and the long time that he may remain at the head of the army.

This statement of Gen. Wilson shows clearly the natural resentment that will exist if this great wrong is perpetrated upon the army of the United States by the confirmation of Gen. Wood, and its injurious effect must necessarily be very great affecting, as it does, the ambitions of scores of young men, and which must be injurious effect must necessarily be very great affecting, as it does, the ambitions of scores of young men, and which must be injurious effect must necessarily be very great affecting, as it does, the ambitions of scores of young men, and which must be injurious effect must necessarily be very great affecting, as it does, the ambitions of scores of young men, and which must be injurious effect must necessarily be very great affecting, as it does, the ambitions of scores of young men, and which must be injurious effect must necessarily be very great affecting, as it does, the ambitions of scores of young men, and which must be injurious effect must necessarily be very great affecting, as it does, the ambitions of scores of young men, and which must be injurious effect must necessarily be very great affecting, as it does, the ambitions of scores of young men, and which must be injurious effect must necessarily be very great affecting as it does, the ambitions of the woman's fingers. The illustration as told by the Councilman from the Board, he said, was like the last motion of the woman's fingers. The illustration as told by the Councilman from the Board, he said, was like the last motion of the woman's fingers. abiding sheep raisers for use so long as they observe the regulations for the protection of the reserves. He said the Government was ready to meet the sheep men and make such agreements as will be to the benefit of all.

WHY NEWELL WAS PRESENT. F. H. Newell stated that he was pres-ent for the purpose of learning the views of the stockmen that he and his colleagues might decide upon and sug-

gest some policy to the President.

Dr. Melvin of the Department of Animal Industry, told, of the efforts being made to prevent the spread of disease among sheep of different States. He urged co-operation between sheep men and officials of the department. The last order of business for the

afternoon was the selection of an execu-tive committee composed of the presidents of State organizations.

SELECTION OF OFFICERS. While the convention has scarcely started, politics in the matter of offi-cials for the ensuing year and a place cials for the ensuing year and a place of meeting are beginning to be manifested. This activity is not shown so much in the matter of officers as with relation to a place of meeting. San Jose, Cal., is doing much work in a quiet way, and members of the delegation from these express confidences. gation from there express confidence in winning the next meeting. El Paso is also after the convention, and St. Joseph, Mo., and Denver, Colo., are like-wise in the field. The re-election of Senator F. E. Warren as president of the Wool-Growers' association is practically assured, but a forecast of the other officials at this time is uncer-

DOCTORS ELECT OFFICERS.

Salt Lake Medical Association Holds Annual Meeting, and Plans for a Banquet.

Dr. S. C. Baldwin was installed as president of the Salt Lake Medical soclety at a meeting held last night in the office of the Commercial club. He succeeds Dr. A. C. Ewing. The other officers are: Dr. J. F. Critchlew, vice-president; Dr. F. H. Raley, treasurer;

Dr. A. A. Kerr, secretary.

The new business of the society was the discussion of a banquet to be given on the night of January 25th, for the arrangement of which the following ommittee was appointed. Drs. Worth-ngton, Ewing and Stauffer. Covers will be laid for over seventy and it

will be laid for over seventy and it will be a stag affair.

Two cases were reported for discussion, one on "Etopic Gestation," by Dr. E. O. Jones of Murray, and the other on "Dinhtheria," by Dr. Critchlow. After the reports there was a general discussion of the cases.

The Grass Creek Coal company a Coniville, Utah, is advertising for coal

Senator Submits a Review of the Evidence.

OPPOSES THE APPOINTMENT

Shows Why Bleodless Seldier Should Be Set Aside.

Jumping the Doctor Over a Hundred Old Army Veterans Pronounced a Grievous Wrong.

Washington, Ill., Jan. 11.-Senator cott of the Senate Committee on Miltary Affairs, has submitted in execuive session of the Senate a review of the evidence introduced before the committee in the hearing on the nomination of Brig.-Gen. Wood to be a Major-General.

Senator Scott makes a strong personal argument to the Senate in opposition to the appointment of Gen Wood to be a Major-General. He prefaces his remarks with the statement that confirmation to so high a position as that of Major-General should be made with deliberation; and the per on to be confirmed should be highly qualified and in every way worthy and above suspicion. Concerning nominalons of this character, Senator Scott

RIGHTS OF OFFICERS. RIGHTS OF OFFICERS.

The President the appointive power, is the commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and appointments in either of these come from him to those under him with peculiar force and power, in that what he says to those under him is to them the law, and even complaint or criticism on their part are really acts of insubordination. These officers and men, thus cut off from the right of complaint, have a peculiar claim ficers and men, thus cut off from the right of complaint, have a peculiar claim to be heard here in the matter of appointments affecting them, and it becomes and beliooves every Senator to exercise his very best judgment and do his utmost to throw every possible safeguard around this class of appointments, particularly when the act of confirmation has the farreaching effect that this one will have.

WHAT EVIDENCE 'ESTABLISHES. Commenting on a statement in the brief of Senator Foraker, calling at-tention to the fact that it was Presi-dent McKinley who jumped Gen. Wood over hundreds of officers in the army,

Senator Scott says:

The evidence in his case quite clearly establishes the fact that he was appointed because of his supposed capacity as a civil Governor, and there is much to throw doubt upon the question of whether even his appointment as a Brigadier-General was not regretted by the President, and no one will believe that Mr. McKinley would ever thought of promoting him to a Major-Generalship, certainly not in the light of the present developments.

NOT AT SAN JUAN. The testimony of Gen. James N. Wilson concerning the advancement of Gen. Wood is quoted at length, in-cluding that portion which asserts that Gen. Wood was not in the battle of

San Juan. In reference to this the review says: This statement of Gen. Wilson shows dearly the natural resentment that will

DISLOYALTY IS SHOWN.

Referring to the conduct of Gen. Wood toward his superior officer, Gen. Brooke, Senator Scott says that no impartial person can review the evidence in this matter without reaching the conclusion that the charge of dislovalty is fully established.

In reference to the support given by Gen. Wood to gambling games in the Jai-Alai company's "Fronton," Senator Scott says it is shown by the testimony that Gen. Wood was a habitual attendant of the games, especially pending his Sundays there, on which days the betting reached as high as

HIS CONCLUDING OPINION.

In closing his review Senator Scott

Says:

At the conclusion of the evidence of Gen. Wilson, the junior Senator from Ohio, Mr. Hanna asked that Gen. Wood be brought, before the committee of this body having this investigation in charge, to the end that he might answer the allegations and accusations made against him and relieve himself from the unjust (as his friends claim to be the case) imputations and criticisms made against his character and quite a colloquy ensued, it being claimed by some of his champions that there was no reason for him to be heard; that nothing had been proved against him; that there was rothing for him to answer; in a word, that he was self-vindicated.

GOES FOR WOOD, GOES FOR WOOD,

GOES FOR WOOD,

This, I submit, was to me, and must be to every one perfectly monstrous. When did it come about that this individual, a doctor in civil life and a bloodless soldied in battle. If he ever saw a battle, has reached the exalted position that he is unlike other people and is not to be accountable to any one, not even to the Senate of the United States, and will not even honor it with his presence; now, for my part, I want to say that it is due to Gen. Wood, it is due to the people of the United States, that he should not only explain, but disprove many statements made in the evidence now here for consideration before confirmation abouid be thought of. The fact that he is willing to let this investigation go on without personally meeting it like a man is in Itself strong evidence to my mind that he is not made of material that goes to make up soldiers such as we need for our Major-Generals and chief of staff.

EVADING THE QUESTION.

EVADING THE QUESTION.

This talk about the difficulty of his coming here is silly. It is simply evading the question. The truth is, a brave and courageous man would rather resign a dozen commissions as Brigadier-General than allow his character to be besmirched, his conduct assailed, his motives impogned and his integrity and veracity sought to be impeached, if by giving up the same, he could come in person and disprove the accusations made against him. EVADING THE QUESTION.

INJUSTICE DONE OTHERS.

Senator Scott comments on the evi dence introduced tending to reflect di-rectly upon Gen. Wood's character as a man by impeaching his integrity and veracity, and then, after summing up other charges, says: 'To my mind, a most grievous injustice has been done in the preferment of Gen. Wood over a hundred or more old army officers—officers who won distinction on many

bloody battlefields-battlefields where more lives were lost and more prison-ers taken in one day than during the entire Spanish-American war."

NEW ARMY ORDER.

Secretary of War Has Prepared Regulations Which He Will Soon Promulgate.

Washington, Jan. 11.-The Secretary of War has prepared regulations, which vill be promulgated shortly, under which examinations will be held to secuer the lists of sultable persons specially qualified to hold commissions in any volunteer force which hereafter may be organized under the authority of Congress, other than a force composed of organized militia.

In addition to mental and moral quaiifications the applicants must be at least 21 years old, applicants for Second Lieutenancy commissions shall not be more than 30 years of age, First Lieutenanets not more than 35, Captains not more than 40, Majors not more than 45, Lieutenant-Colonels not more than 59 and Colonels not exceed 55.

The persons passing the examinations which will be held at specified places may, upon authorization of the President, pursue a regular course of study at any military school or college ex-cept West Point. In attending such schools they shall be entitled to milege and commutation for quarters at \$12 per month and \$1 a day for subsist-

MAYOR NAMES BOARD

(Continued from page 1.)

Sprinkling-Martin, Wood, E. H. Davis, Wells, Black. Enrollment-Neuhausen, Dean, E. H Sanitary-Preece, Hobday, Harten-

stein, Black, Barnes. City and County Building-Dean, Library-Neuhausen, Dean, E. H. Da-

KEGLER GETS A REPRIEVE. City Recorder Critchlow submitted a communication in which he asked that Fred T. Kegler be retained as clerk of the Board of Public Works until the annual report of the office for the past year has been gotten out. A. J. Da-vis moved that the communication be referred, and Hartenstein as amendment proposed that the communication be approved. This was finally qualified by placing a limit of ten days on his retention. The amendment car-

CLAWSON GETS A SETBACK. In regard to the communication Chairman Clawson on the Kennedy contract matter, Councilman Wells moved that the matter be referred to the sewer and waterworks tees, saying that if the honor of the city was involved and there was any question of equity in the matter. It should be reconsidered. Hartenstein and Martin also wanted to know something about the difficulty. Fernstrom epresented to be in the communica and that the Board Works had no business in bringing i up again after the action of the old Council. He told a story about a woman who maintained that a log had been cut with a pair of scissors, and when thrown in the river by her husband held her hand above the surface of the water and worked her fingers like the scissors. The communication from the the letter be received and filed was car-ried by the following vote Black, A. J. Davis, Fernstrom, Hobday, Neuhau-sen, Preece, Wood and Hewlett against Barney, Hartenstein, Martin, Tudden-ham and Wells.

REWARD FOR MURDERER.

Mayor Morris notified the Council that he had offered a reward of \$200 for the apprehension and conviction of the murderer of Amasa Gleason and Tom Brighton, and asked that the amount be placed in the Mayor's conamount be placed in the Mayor's con-tingent fund. The appropriation was made by unanimous vote. The Council also appropriated \$250 to the credit of the City Attorney to meet emergency expenses

NEW PATROLMAN NAMED. The appointment of George H. Moore as a patrolman, to fill a vacancy in the police department, by Chief Lynch, was unanimously confirmed. There was no opposition to the request of the Utah Philippine veterans asking permission to use the Council cham-

her to hold meetings. No appointments were sent in by Mayor Morris other than those on the Board of Public Works. It is under-stood that he and the Democratic minority have been unable to make any satisfactory deal with any of the Republican members, and it is not likely that any names will be submitted until some compromise has been arrived at on the quiet. This accounts for the non-appearance of the slate last night.

GOOD FUN AT MELLEN'S.

Fine Skating Exhibitions and Exciting Races Yesterday Afternoon.

Four men lined up for the three-mile race at Mellen's rink yesterday afternoon. They were Johnnie Williams, Francis Myers, Harry Weiser and Hermann Kesier. The course was laid out in eightnmile laps, and the Judges were Dr. Whyttock, John Mellen, John Nelson and Charles Reese. The ice was in excellent shape and the racers had little trouble shape and the racers had little trouble at the corners. Williams won by a third of a lap, Myers being second and Kesler third. Kullff Chapman then challenged the winner to skate a two-mile race for a nurse made up on the pond, and again williams won. Between the race Dr. Whyttock, John Nelson and Charles Reeze did fancy skating. The proceeds go to the Glenson and Brighton families. A good sum was realized.

Not How Cheap-But How Good. Blue Point Perfectos, Utah's Favorite Cigar.

Death of Mrs. Tremaine.

Mrs. Elizabeth Tremaine, mother of

REPORT OF AUDITOR REISER.

Shows in Brief the Financial Condition of the City, and the Bonds Outstanding.

Former City Auditor Albert S. Reiser completed his financial statement of Saft Lake City for the fiscal year ending December 31, 1965, and last night dis-tributed orinted copies of the same among the Councilmen. A synopsis of the report shows the following figures: Talance Jan. 1, 1907....\$165.\$18.51 Secripts 740,554.41

1.3907,072.92 \$907,812.90

500,000.00

honds, series A, 250 t, 51000 each, 4 per cent, years, date October 1, 250,000,00 Series No. 7 (Refunding Bonds, Series No. 2), 500 bonds, 21000 each, 4 per cent, 20 years, date January 1, 1901 500,000.00 is No. 8 (Refunding Series 2) 200 bonds, \$1000 each, 4 cent, 20 years, date July 1,

200,000.00

How do your clothes fit? Why not Gordon, the tallor, at 109 W. 2nd So ? He can suit you.

Commercial Club Rules Changed.

Commercial Club Rules Changed.

Important changes in the rules governing membership in the Commercial club of this city are incorporated in the following addition to the by-laws, which was adopted at a recent meeting of the club; Officers of the army and navy of every nation, officers of the coast geodetic surveys of the United Staies and members of any scientific corps engaged in the service of any Government, not permanent residents of Utah, may, after baving been daily proposed and seconded, be elected as temporary members during the pleasure of the board of governors. Such temporary members shall pay the regular non-resident dues, and shall be entitled to all the privileges of membership, excepting the right to be elected to the board of governors and voting, and proposing or seconding any candidate for membership.





SAVE YOUR EYES

Don't increase their troubles by delay, but save them NOW by procuring glasses that not only give relief, but remedy defects-the glasses Rushmer

RUSHMER'S OPTICAL PARLORS

73 W. 1st So. St. 'Phone 1763-K.

Located in Heart of the Business and Theater Districts.

... The ... New Wilson EUROPEAN HOTEL.

A FRED WEY.

SALT LAKE CITY.

Rates \$1.00 to \$1.00 per day.

Popular Priced Resisument.

\$50 Rooms, with Telephone, Hot and Cold Running Water, Sixty Private Baths.

King Hardware & Stove ..Company..

Headquarters for Building Hardware. JOHN VAN RANGES. Full line of House Furnishing Goods.

168 MAIN STREET. Phone 748.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the district of Utah.—
In the matter of Sam Williamson, Vol. benkrupt.—In bankruptcy No 69.

To the creditors of Sam Williamson of Salt Lake City, in the county of Salt Lake and district aforeszid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th Notice is hereby given that on the 5th the and 5 Sam Williamson of San Williamson of the salt Sam Williamson of San Williamson of Lake and district aforeszid, a bankrupt.
Notice is horeby given that on the 5th day of January, 1904, the said Sam Williamson was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at my office in the Commercial block, Sait Lake City, on the 2nd day of January, 1904, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee; examine the hankrupt and transact such other basiness as may properly came before said meeting.

CHARLES BALDWIN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Sait Lake City, Jan. 11, 1904.

Any \$3.00 Hat in Our Store for

The fuel required for one

ordinary grate fire or

stove is sufficient to

HOT WATER circula-

The boiler requires less

attention than does a stove.

Cleanly, convenient, operates

IDEAL Boilers and AMERICAN Radiators.

CHARLES TO STATE OF THE PARTY O

Better than any Eastern make. Will

Utah Bedding & M'f'g. Co., 1878

cost you less money. Ask your dealer for them. Look for our trade-

Salt Lake City. Utah.

P. J. MORAN,

Board of Trade Bldg.,

automatically.

UTAM BEDDING - Mrg col COTTON FELT

MATTRESS

warm an entire house by

YOUR

Where there is a will, there is a way. If you've a will to buy a list, we have a way for you to buy it. Hats of the latest vogue for every face and figure. It will be good business for you to INVEST. I-GATE. The best \$3.00 Hat in the WORLD, and you can buy them for a few days at \$1.95.

J. WILL GRAY @ BRO.

We are on the EAST SIDE of Main "GRAY'S" 153 MAIN We are on the Electric Sign

Decided

We have decided to dispose of broken lines of Toilet and Manicure Sets. Tortoise Combs and Hair Ornaments, and all odd pieces.

We are not overstocked, and have only a few of the articles mentioned, but have put prices on them that will sell them quickly.



REASONABLE PRICES.

Cough Cure that Does Cure

DAYTON Drug Company

YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND ELDER-LY, If you are sexually weak, no matter from what cause; undeveloped; have stricture, varicocele, etc., MY PERFECT APPLIANCE will cure you. No drugs or electricity; 75,000 cured and developed, 10 DAYS TRIAL. Send for free booklet. Sent sealed, Guaranteed, Write today, R. C. Emmet, 28 Tabor Block, Deaver, Cela,

PORTLAND CEMENT, LUMBER, COAL Burton Coal & Lumber Co.



cott's Santal-Pepsin Capsules A POSITIVE CURE For Inflammation or Catarrit of the Biadder and Diseased Midneys. No curs no pay-Geres quickly and Permo-nently the worst object of Gonorriboes and Crook-no matter of how long stan-ing. Absolutely harmies, Sold by druggists. Price 51.00, or by mail, post-aid, 61.00, 5 boxss, \$2.15. THE SANTAL-PEPSIH CO., SELLEFONTAINE, OHIO.
F. J. HILL. DRUG CO., Sait Lake City.

Graduate Nurses Supplied We supply trained nurses from our Graduate Nurses' Directory without charge for our services. Prompt response to requests. rsonal or by telegraph or tele invalids' Necessities.

Invalids Necessities
lee Caps.
Thermometers.
Hot Water Bottles.
Bed Pans.
Air Cushions.
Feeding Cups.
Urinals.
Syringes. Syringes. Surgical Dressings.

Druehl & Franken, DRUGGISTS.

Southeast Corner Main and Third South Screets, Salt Lake City. Third South Screets, Salt Lake City.

AGENTS FOR LIQUOZONE. & 3656566586586586566666



Say, Mr. Man!

How about that heavy underwear of yours? Either garment getting threadbare? If so, we have a lot of odds and ends, shirts of one kind, drawers of another, but all sizes. Were big values at \$1.50 and \$2.00 per garment. Closing-out

75 cts.

Our regular lines, which in-clude such well-known makes be Cartwright & Warner's English woolens, Conradi & Freedman, Glastenbury and others, on sale at 25 per cent discount. .

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Same Reduction in Woolen Hosiery...

61-63-65 MAIN ST.